

Governors' Behaviour Principles Statement

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Approved by: Full Governing Body 10.7.24

Governors' Statement of Behaviour Principles

Purpose

The purpose of the statement is to provide guidance for the Headteacher in drawing up the school's Behaviour Policy so that it reflects the shared aspirations and beliefs of governors, staff and parents for the children in the school as well as taking full account of law and guidance on behaviour matters. It is intended to help all school staff to be aware of and understand the extent of their powers in respect of discipline and sanctions and how to use them. Staff should be confident that they have the governors' support when following this guidance.

This is a statement of principles, not practice: it is the responsibility of the Headteacher to draw up the school's behaviour policy, taking into account these principles when formulating policy. The Governing board also ask the Headteacher to take account of the guidance in DfE publication Behaviour and Discipline in Schools: a guide for headteachers and school staff.

School Behaviour Policy must be publicised, in writing, to staff, parents/carers and children and be accessible on the school website.

This Statement has been drawn up in accordance with the Education and Inspections Act, 2006, and DfE guidance (Behaviour and Discipline in Schools, 2016).

Our Principles

The governors of Walmley Junior School strongly believe that high standards of behaviour lie at the heart of a successful school that enables (a) all its children to make the best possible progress in all aspects of their school life and work and (b) all staff to be able to teach and promote good learning without undue interruption or harassment.

All children and staff have the right to feel safe at all times in school. There should be mutual respect between staff and children and between children. All visitors to the school should feel safe and free from the effects of poor behaviour at all times and in all parts of the school.

Walmley Junior School is an inclusive school. All members of the school community should be free from discrimination of any sort (as laid down in the Equality Act, 2010). To this end, the school must have a clear and comprehensive strategy for dealing with bullying within its behaviour policy. This will be known and understood by all, consistently applied and monitored for its effectiveness. Measures to protect children from bullying and discrimination as a result of gender, race or any other characteristic should be clearly set out and regularly monitored for their effective implementation.

The school's legal duties under the Equality Act, 2010 in respect of safeguarding, children with Special Educational Needs and all vulnerable children should be set out in the Behaviour Policy and made known to all staff.

Parents/carers should be encouraged and helped to support their children's education, just as the children should be helped to understand their responsibilities during their time at school, in the local community and in preparation for their life after school. The responsibilities of children, parents/carers and school staff with respect to children' behaviour must be outlined in the Behaviour Policy which is available to all parents/ carers via the school website. The School's mission statement is: Walmley Junior School provides a secure and stimulating environment in which our children exhibit pride in themselves, their school and their community. Our children's achievements in all aspects of life are celebrated and they are actively supported to reach their full potential as learners and members of society. We expect all of our children to contribute to the values which underpin our very foundations: **respect, honesty, kindness, generosity, perseverance, politeness, conscientiousness** as well as caring for themselves, each other and their environment. It is through these values and the support of our whole school community that we ensure enjoyment, happiness and academic excellence.

This should be clearly stated in the Behaviour Policy. This should set out expected standards of behaviour, should be displayed in all classrooms and other, relevant parts of the school and shared with and explained to all children. Governors expect rules to be consistently applied by all staff and regularly monitored for their effectiveness.

Governors would like to see a wide range of rewards consistently and fairly applied in such a way as to encourage and reward good behaviour in the classroom and elsewhere. These should be made clear in the Behaviour Policy and regularly monitored for their consistent, fair application and effectiveness.

Sanctions for unacceptable/poor behaviour should be known and understood by all staff and children and consistently applied. The full range of sanctions should be clearly described in the Behaviour Policy so that children, staff and parents can understand how and when these are applied. The Governors strongly feel that exclusions, particularly those that are permanent, must be used only as a very last resort. 'Unofficial' exclusions are illegal and so must be avoided. The headteacher may inform the police, as appropriate, if there is evidence of a criminal act or if he fears that one may take place e.g. if illegal drugs are discovered during a search; cyber-bullying; criminal harassment. Sanctions should be monitored for their proper use and effective impact.

The Behaviour Policy should set out the disciplinary action that will be taken against children who are found to have made malicious accusations against school staff. Governors expect the headteacher to draw on the advice in Dealing with Allegations of Abuse against Teachers and other staff guidance document when setting out the pastoral support that school staff should expect to receive if they are accused of misusing their powers. Staff so accused should not be automatically suspended pending an investigation.

Governors expect the headteacher to include the following in some detail in the Behaviour Policy or the Care and Restraint Policy:

a. Screening and searching children: the reasons for searching children should be made explicit, together with details of who may search, where such searching should take place, what will happen to any banned items found as a result of such a search and what sanctions will be applied. It should also be made clear that parents do not have to be informed before a search.

b. The power to use reasonable force or make other physical contact: the situations in which reasonable force may be used (including removing disruptive children from classrooms, or preventing them from leaving) should be stated. A definition of 'reasonable force' should be included, which should also explain how and when children may be restrained. Governors would expect all staff to be trained in the use of reasonable force and restraint.

c. The power to discipline outside the school gates: disciplining beyond the school gates covers the school's response to all non-criminal bad behaviour and bullying that occurs anywhere off the school premises. The Governors must be satisfied, in all situations arising, that the measures proposed by the head teacher are lawful and that staff and children know that sanctions can be applied in these circumstances.